

Research Report – Update

Investors should consider this report as only a single factor in making their investment decision.

DecisionPoint Systems, Inc.

Neutral

John Nobile
October 1, 2015

DPSI \$0.06 — (OTC QB)

	<u>2013A*</u>	<u>2014A*</u>	<u>2015E</u>	<u>2016E</u>
Revenues (millions)	\$60.7	\$64.5	\$38.0	\$40.7
Earnings (loss) per share	(\$0.80)	(\$0.07)	(\$0.54)	(\$0.18)

52-Week range	\$0.52 – \$0.06	Fiscal year ends:	December
Common shares out as of 8/14/15	12.7 million	Revenue per share (TTM)**	\$1.05
Approximate float	8.2 million	Price/Sales (TTM)	0.06X
Market capitalization	\$762,000	Price/Sales (FY2016)E	0.05X
Tangible book value/share	NMF	Price/Earnings (TTM)	NMF
Price/tangible book value	NMF	Price/Earnings (FY2016)E	NMF

*Before restatement (includes CMAC subsidiary). **Taglich Brothers fully diluted estimate – IH15 annualized

DecisionPoint Systems, headquartered in Irvine CA, is a provider and integrator of business mobility and wireless systems. The company designs, deploys and supports mobile computing and wireless systems that enable customers to access enterprise data at various locations (i.e. the retail selling floor, warehouse loading dock or on the road making deliveries). (www.decisionpt.com)

Key investment considerations:

Maintaining Neutral rating as we believe shares are adequately valued at the current price.

Global enterprise mobility, DPSI's target market, is projected to grow at a CAGR of 36.9% through 2019 (MarketsandMarkets). Helping to drive this growth are employees are using their own devices such as smart phones, tablets and laptops, to be connected with the enterprise network.

On June 30, 2015, DecisionPoint sold its wholly owned subsidiary, CMAC Inc. The company has restated its financial statements to present the results of CMAC as discontinued operations.

The company experienced a significant decrease in revenue from continuing operations in 2Q15 and 2H15, and as of June 30, 2015, is in default on certain debt obligations.

DecisionPoint's history of losses, working capital deficit, minimal liquidity and other factors raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

DecisionPoint reported (August 24, 2015) 2Q15 revenue decreased 28% to \$9.4 million. The loss per share was (\$0.31) versus a loss of (\$0.03) per share in 2Q14. Excluding a (\$0.24) per share impairment charge in 2Q15, the loss was (\$0.06) per share.

****Please view our disclosures on pages 14 - 16.***

Recommendation and Valuation

We are reiterating our **Neutral** rating on DecisionPoint Systems, Inc. (DPSI) as we believe shares are adequately valued.

DPSI currently trades at a multiple of 0.06X TTM sales on a fully diluted basis of 36.4 million shares. A comparison group of 22 business software and services companies with market values of up to \$100 million are trading at an average price to sales multiple of 1.2X (excluding outliers). We believe the discount in DPSI's valuation relative to the comparison group's is due to the company's slow revenue growth relative to the industry (average annual growth of 6% for DPSI over the past five years versus 14% for the industry). Applying the current multiple of 0.06X sales to our fiscal 2016 sales of \$1.12 per share (on a fully diluted basis), values the stock at approximately \$0.07 per share.

DecisionPoint Divests CMAC

On June 30, 2015, DecisionPoint completed the sale of its wholly owned subsidiary, CMAC Inc., based in Alpharetta, GA. In 2Q15 the company decided to discontinue CMAC's business after the loss of a significant customer. DPSI recorded a loss on sale of \$89,000 after taxes, which is classified as loss on sale of discontinued operations in the statement of operations. The agreement provided for the sale of substantially all of the assets and liabilities of CMAC for \$302,000 in cash consideration and \$348,000 in liabilities forgiven by the CMAC purchaser. DPSI has accounted for this business as discontinued operations and has restated its financial statements to present the results of CMAC as discontinued operations. In addition, the assets and liabilities have been classified as discontinued operations as of June 30, 2015 and have been restated at December 31, 2014 to provide a comparable presentation.

Business

DecisionPoint Systems, headquartered in Irvine CA, is a provider and integrator of mobility and wireless systems to business organizations. The company designs, deploys and supports mobile computing and wireless systems that enable customers to access employer's data networks at various locations (i.e. the retail selling floor, warehouse loading dock or on the road making deliveries via laptops, tablets, and smart phones).

The company also develops and integrates data capture equipment including bar code scanners and radio frequency identification (RFID) readers.

As a value added reseller (VAR) for many hardware and software suppliers (table at right), DecisionPoint offers professional services such as integration, customization and consulting with the products it offers. DecisionPoint's services include consulting, proprietary and third party software, and software customization. The company's supply chain systems integration offerings include warehouse management systems, transportation management systems, and enterprise resource planning systems.

<u>Hardware Suppliers</u>	<u>Software Suppliers</u>
Apple	AirWatch
Intermec	Verifone GlobalBay Mobile Technologies
Motorola	XRS
Zebra Technologies	Wavelink
Datamax-O'Neil	

DecisionPoint offers businesses improved productivity and operational efficiencies through the implementation of industry-specific, enterprise wireless and mobile computing systems for front-line employees. The company is focused on markets such as retail, manufacturing, distribution, transportation and logistics. DecisionPoint serves customers throughout the US with offices in Irvine CA, Tulsa OK, and Alpharetta, GA.

Strategy

DecisionPoint aims to grow sales by differentiating itself from low-price, discount hardware only sellers by positioning itself as a value-added provider offering its software and services bundled with hardware. The company also aims to effectively compete in a highly competitive systems integration market by partnering with other system integrators to make available its portfolio of services, applications and devices.

The company plans to grow its business by addressing the mobile application needs of customers in the retail, manufacturing, transportation, warehousing, distribution, logistics and other market segments. DecisionPoint continues to invest in building out its capabilities to support these markets and business needs. Toward that end, DecisionPoint acquired wireless mobile work force software provider Apex Systems Integrators in June 2012, and mobile business applications developer and integrator Illume Mobile in July 2012.

The company also aims to extend its mobile device management services from its historical ruggedized mobile computing customer base to supporting the growing use of consumer devices (Bring Your Own Device “BYOD”) by clients.

Products and Services

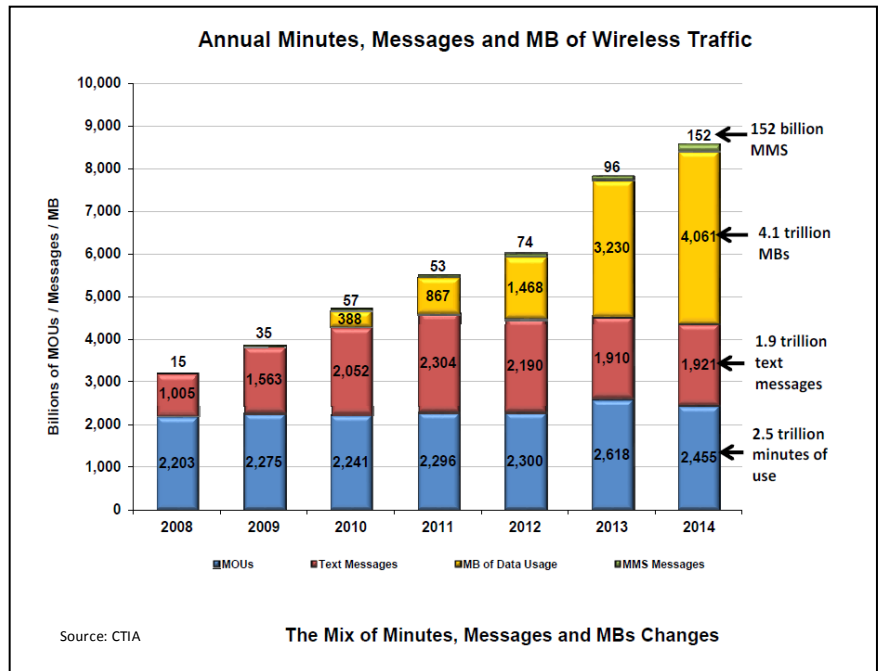
Mobile Applications	<i>Retail Store:</i> Stock locator, shelf price marking, markdowns, inventory control, physical inventory, merchandising, customer service and mobile point-of-sale (“POS”).
	<i>Warehousing and Distribution:</i> Order shipping, order picking and packing, stock movement and replenishments, product receipt and put-away, labeling, physical inventory and cycle counts.
	<i>Transportation and Logistics:</i> Proof-of-delivery, commercial turn-by-turn directions, route optimization, cross-docking, returns and Department of Transportation driver hours of service and route logging.
	<i>Field Mobility:</i> Field service and repair or wireless work order management, enterprise asset management, inspection, preventative maintenance, surveys, rounds and readings.
Software	<i>APEXWare Field Service:</i> Field deployment of wireless handheld devices with integrated bar code scanners.
	<i>APEXWare Merchandising, Sales and Delivery:</i> Automates and streamlines merchandising, sales and delivery business functions.
	<i>APEXWare Warehouse Management System:</i> Transforms current warehouse operations to a paperless, real-time operation.
	Reseller of independent software vendor applications tailored to meet customers’ specific needs.
	DecisionPoint provides in-house mobile software tailored to meet customers’ unique requirements.
Professional Services	i) business consulting - involves helping customers understand the benefits of implementing mobile computing or supply chain services, ii) technical consulting - helps customers determine the technology to be used and how it is to be implemented, and iii) technical development - software programming and configuration of the mobile computing application.
Supply Chain Services	Supply chain services include managing a customer’s project from end-to-end (i.e. from pre-contract ROI targets to post-contract ROI analysis).
Deployment and Support Services	Implementing a solution into the customer’s computer systems infrastructure and replicating that implementation through all their operating locations. The company also remotely manages customers’ mobile computers and wireless networks as well as offer mobile software on a software as a service (SaaS) subscription basis.
Hardware	By bundling software and services with hardware, the company positions itself as a value-added reseller.
Consumables	The company offers bar code and RFID products such as RFID tags and printer ribbons.

Enterprise Mobility Market

The latest report¹ on the enterprise mobility market by research firm MarketsandMarkets projects the global enterprise mobility management market to grow from \$3.2 billion in 2014 to \$15.2 billion by 2019, a 36.9% compound annual growth rate. Vendors in this market are continuously innovating and remodeling their present architecture to build more proficient and advanced systems that can allow a more flexible and mobile workforce.

North America was cited by MarketsandMarkets as the largest market. Employees are using their own devices such as smart phones, tablets, and laptops, to be connected with the enterprise network, anytime, anywhere. DPSI’s operations are focused on this market.

In the latest Wireless Industry Association (CTIA)’s Wireless Industry Survey, it was reported that US mobile data usage increased 26% to 4.1 trillion megabytes (MB) of data in 2014 from the previous year (see chart at right). Projections are for data usage to increase nearly six times the 2014 number by 2019. Driving this increase in data usage is the prevalence of smartphones and tablets in the US. The number of smartphones more is projected to increase over 40% by 2019 and tablets are projected to nearly triple in the same time frame. Many Americans now have two or more devices (such as a smart phone or tablet) with a wireless plan. According to CTIA’s latest statistics (June 2015), there are over 355 million wireless subscriber connections for 322.7 million people living in the US for a wireless penetration rate of 110%.



Although market projections are for strong growth, the company has not been realizing the market potential as evidenced by DPSI’s modest 6% revenue growth in 2014 and a 27% decrease in revenue in 1H15. The significant decrease in sales in 1H15 was due to the departure of four former employees in 1Q15 who are currently working for a competitor of DPSI.

Competition

DecisionPoint says that it continues to experience greater competitive forces within its market. The company said that large system integrators were seeking to move further into the segment in which DPSI competes. We believe the increase in competition is primarily due to a growing market with relatively low barriers to entry and low start-up costs. While we do not have any statistics on the number of enterprises currently active in this area, in April 2015, market research firm Technavio said that a number of new players are trying to enter this largely untapped market with reduced prices.

1. Enterprise Mobility Management Market by Solution (Mobile Device Management, Mobile Content Management, Mobile Application Management), by Services (Maintenance & Support, Professional Services) - Global Forecast to 2019.

In an effort to compete more effectively, DecisionPoint attempts to differentiate itself from low-price, discount hardware only sellers by positioning itself as a value-added provider offering its software and services bundled with hardware. The company also aims to grow in the highly competitive systems integration market by partnering with other system integrators to make available its portfolio of services, applications and devices.

DecisionPoint competes with other value added resellers (VARs) and system integrators/engineering organizations (SIs). However, as a Tier-1 reseller (a large and well known VAR in its field) for major equipment vendors including Motorola Solutions and Zebra, the company competes with fewer than ten competitive Tier-1 VARs and SIs. The company competes on the basis of price, product/system performance, product quality and availability of service.

Motorola Solutions has granted DecisionPoint price discounts which enable the company to price its services competitively.

The following companies are among the primary competitors in the VAR and SI spaces:

Stratix, Inc.	An enterprise mobile service provider and a substantial competitor of DecisionPoint. Their customer base includes large nationally based Tier-1 retailers, distributors, major commercial airlines and general manufacturers.
Tolt Solutions, Inc.	A provider of custom IT solutions including retail point-of-sale, self-service and wireless mobility development.
Sedlak Management Consultants	A supply chain consulting firm specializing in distribution consulting.
Peak-Ryzex, Inc.	An integrator of automated identification and data collection equipment including wireless radio frequency (RF), network and enterprise resource planning (ERP) integration solutions, enterprise printing, bar code scanning, mobile computing, and terminal and software technologies.
Denali Advanced Integration	A full system integration company with services ranging from IT consulting, managed services and enterprise mobility solutions.

Other competitors in the US include certain catalog and online equipment resellers that offer end-users deeply discounted products. However, they typically offer limited or no maintenance support beyond the manufacturer's warranty (which generally results in slower repair turnaround time). Because end users have become increasingly dependent on VARs and SIs to provide platform design, integration and maintenance, they typically do not place major purchase orders with such resellers.

Economic Outlook

In July 2015, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) lowered its global economic growth forecast to 3.3% in 2015, down from an earlier (April 2015) growth forecast of 3.9%, but kept it at 3.8% in 2016. The reduced growth estimate reflects a setback to economic activity in the first quarter of 2015, mostly from North America due to the harsh winter weather and port closures, as well as a strong downsizing of capital expenditure in the oil sector.

In September 2015, the IMF said it was likely to cut its 2015 and 2016 targets for global GDP growth due to slowing growth in emerging markets. While the IMF said that global GDP growth of 3.3% in 2015 and 3.8% in 2016 was not realistic anymore, growth will remain above 3%.

The IMF lowered its economic growth estimate for the US to 2.5% in 2015 and 3% in 2016, down from 3.1% in both 2015 and 2016 previously (April 2015). The IMF said that the US economy in the first quarter of 2015 was derailed by unfavorable weather, a sharp contraction in oil sector investment, the West Coast port strike, and the effects of the stronger dollar. While these developments represent a temporary drag on the US economy, the IMF said that a solid labor market, accommodative financial conditions, and cheaper oil should support a more

dynamic path for the remainder of the year. The IMF said that oil prices have rebounded in the second quarter of 2015 reflecting higher demand and expectations that oil production growth in the US will slow faster than previously forecast. However, the reduction in oil investment may lead to a somewhat weaker boost to economic activity in North America from lower oil prices than expected earlier.

The third estimate of US GDP growth (released on September 25, 2015) showed the US economy grew at an annual rate of 3.9% in 2Q15, up from a growth estimate of 3.7% (August 27, 2015). The upward revision to GDP growth reflected upward revisions to consumer spending and business and residential investment.

As the company offers its products and services primarily in the US, a growing US economy should bode well for sales of the company's products as the rate of capital and software expenditures increase.

Liquidity and Going Concern Issues

DecisionPoint's history of losses, working capital deficit, capital deficit, minimal liquidity and other factors raise substantial doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The company experienced a 28% decrease in revenue from continuing operations in 2Q15 and a 27% decrease in revenue in 2H15. At June 30, 2015 DecisionPoint had a substantial working capital deficit, excluding discontinued operations, totaling \$10 million. As a consequence of the company's recent results, availability under its credit line has contracted, further restraining DPSI's overall liquidity.

The company is currently in default on certain obligations as of June 30, 2015. DecisionPoint has not made the final payment on a Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) term loan that was originally scheduled to be paid in June 2015. The payment which has been rescheduled for September 2015, has not been documented in writing and is based on a verbal agreement with RBC.

The company also did not pay interest due on a BDC, Inc. (BDC) term loan due July 2015, and has been advised by BDC that the financing is in arrears on interest. DecisionPoint does not expect to pay the August 2015 interest payment on this obligation. The technical default with the BDC term loan has put DPSI in default of the subordinated debt provisions of its amended Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) loan agreement. An SVB lending officer has verbally indicated they do not intend on exercising legal rights under the loan agreement, however, this is not evidenced in writing and thus is not enforceable.

The company is currently in default on the Apex seller note as of August 24, 2015. The seller of Apex has demanded payment in full including certain monitoring and administrative fees of which DecisionPoint has accrued \$51,000 as of June 30, 2015 for certain fees related to this demand payment. Between April 2015 and June 2015, Apex had been delinquent on its lease obligations to Harvester Properties of Burlington, Inc. with Harvester Properties giving notice to Apex of termination of the lease agreement. Since that time, Apex has relocated its operations. DPSI has \$72,000 relating to these rent obligations including interest and other fees at June 30, 2015.

Projections

DPSI's sales decreased by 27% in 1H15 due primarily to a drop in the sales force (five fewer sales people in 1H15 for a 33% reduction). DPSI currently aims to build up its sales force. However, while the business software and services industry is projected to grow sales by 21% annually over the next five years, we project DPSI will grow sales at roughly 1/3 the growth rate of the industry, or 7% in 2016, due to the time it takes to hire competent sales people and ramp up sales.

2015 - We project revenue of \$38 million and a net loss to common of \$6.7 million or (\$0.54) per share. We offer no comparison to our prior projections due to the restatement of financial statements presenting the results of CMAC as discontinued operations (CMAC's sales were \$3.2 million in 1H15, down from \$6.9 million in 1H14).

2015 gross margins are projected at 19.8% given the low level of sales we project for 2H15. SG&A expenses are projected at \$8.7 million for SG&A expense margins of 22.8% in 2015. We project an operating loss of \$4.2 million, interest expense of \$841,000, and minimal taxes due to the company's large net operating loss carryforwards of \$17.6 million that expire in varying amounts through 2033.

We project \$22,000 cash used in operations from a \$1.4 million cash loss offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in working capital. The decrease in working capital is due primarily to a decrease in accounts receivable and inventory offset in part by a decrease in accounts payable and unearned revenue. Cash used in operations, capital expenditures, debt and dividend payments will reduce cash by \$1.5 million to \$149,000 at December 31, 2015.

2016 - We project revenue will increase 7% to \$40.7 million and a net loss to common of \$2.4 million or (\$0.18) per share. The increase in sales should support gross margins of 21.9% versus 19.8% in 2015. SG&A expenses should increase to \$8.8 million from \$8.7 million as the company focuses on controlling costs. We project SG&A expense margins of 21.6% in 2016 versus 22.8% in 2015. We project DecisionPoint will show an operating profit of \$115,000, up from an operating loss of \$4.2 million in 2015 as higher gross profits more than offset the increase in operating expenses. Interest expense is projected at \$880,000. We project no taxes due to the company's large net operating loss carryforwards.

We project \$120,000 cash provided by operations will be offset by capital expenditures. Dividend payments will be offset by increased debt levels leaving cash unchanged at \$149,000 at December 31, 2016.

2Q and 1H 2015 Financial Results

2Q15 - Revenue decreased 28% to \$9.4 million primarily due to reduced hardware sales from several large retail customers. Hardware sales decreased 29% to \$5.1 million while software and service sales decreased 17% to \$2.3 million. Other revenue (consumables) decreased to \$229,000 from \$314,000. The significant decrease in sales was due to the departure of four former employees in 1Q15 who are currently working for a competitor of DPSI.

The net loss to common shareholders was \$3.9 million or (\$0.31) per share versus a net loss to common shareholders of \$354,000 or (\$0.03) per share. 2Q15 results included a \$3 million or (\$0.24) per share goodwill and intangible asset impairment charge. Excluding the extraordinary charge, the net loss would have been \$808,000 or (\$0.06) per share. We offer no comparison to our prior projections due to the restatement of financial statements presenting the results of CMAC as discontinued operations.

Gross margins decreased to 18.8% from 21.6% due primarily to product mix related to hardware sales and higher fixed costs for professional services. SG&A expenses decreased to \$2.1 million from \$2.7 million as the company reduced its overall workforce. Interest expense remained relatively flat at \$219,000.

1H15 - Revenue decreased 27% to \$19.2 million primarily due to reduced hardware sales from several large retail customers. Hardware sales decreased 31% to \$12.6 million while software and service sales decreased 20% to \$6 million. Other revenue (consumables) decreased to \$623,000 from \$758,000. The significant decrease in sales was due to the departure of four former employees in 1Q15 who are currently working for a competitor of DPSI. The net loss to common shareholders was \$4.8 million or (\$0.39) per share versus a net loss to common shareholders of \$795,000 or (\$0.06) per share. 1H15 results included a \$3 million or (\$0.24) per share goodwill and intangible asset impairment charge. Excluding the extraordinary charge, the net loss would have been \$1.8 million or (\$0.14) per share.

Gross margins decreased to 20.3% from 21.6% due primarily to higher fixed costs for professional services. SG&A expenses decreased to \$4.4 million from \$5.8 million as the company reduced its overall workforce. Interest expense decreased to \$401,000 from \$429,000 as debt levels were reduced.

Liquidity - As of June 30, 2015, current liabilities exceeded current assets by \$10 million and the company's current ratio was 0.5X versus 1.2X for the business services industry.

Cash provided by operations in the first six months of 2015 was \$2.3 million consisting of a cash loss of \$852,000 and a \$3.2 million decrease in working capital. The decrease in working capital was primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable and unearned revenue offset in part by a decrease in accounts receivable and inventory. Cash provided by operations was not sufficient to cover capital expenditures, debt repayments and dividends, decreasing cash by \$1.3 million to \$297,000 at June 30, 2015.

The company has a \$10 million line of credit and term loans extended by Silicon Valley Bank. As of June 30, 2015 the outstanding balances were \$2.7 million on the line of credit and \$222,000 on the term loans. The line of credit is due February 2017, carries an interest rate of 6.5% and had an available balance of \$800,000 as of June 30, 2015. The term loans mature in March 2016 and carry an interest rate of 7.5%. As of June 30, 2015, the company was in default but was working with Silicon Valley Bank to resolve the default.

DecisionPoint also has a \$56,000 term loan with Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) and a \$1.4 million term loan with BDC Capital. The RBC loan matured June 2015, is secured by the assets of Apex (acquired June 2012) and carries an interest rate of 7%. The RBC final payment that was to originally scheduled to be paid June 2015. The BDC loan matures June 2016 and carries an interest rate of 12.5%. As of June 30, 2015, the company was not in compliance with the BDC term loan covenants.

As of July 2015, DPSI did not pay the interest due on the BDC term loan for July 2015 and was notified by BDC that the financing is in arrears on interest which is a violation of the terms of the financing agreement. DPSI said it also does not expect to be able to pay BDC's August 2015 interest payment.

DecisionPoint also has a two-year convertible note payable with the seller of Apex due June 2016. The note bears interest at a rate of 9% in 2015 and 11% in 2016. As of June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance on the note was \$189,000. The quarterly payments due March 30, 2015 and June 30, 2015 have not yet been paid putting DPSI in default. The seller of Apex has demanded payment in full and DPSI has accrued \$51,000 as of June 30, 2015 for certain fees related to the demand payment.

Risks

In our view, these are the principal risks underlying the stock.

Going concern issues – In its latest annual report, the company's auditors have raised doubts about its ability to continue as a going concern. Among other factors, the company's history of losses, working capital deficit and minimal liquidity have contributed to the auditors' determination.

Rapidly changing industry - Customer requirements for mobile computing products and services are rapidly evolving. To keep up with new customer requirements, DecisionPoint must frequently introduce new products and services and enhance existing products and services which requires significant investments in research and development, which it does not undertake. This lack of investment in R&D could cause adversely affect the company's operations.

Acquisition risk – Recent business combinations and acquisition transactions may not be successful. Integration of new businesses or technologies may exhibit difficulty in transitioning customers and other business relationships.

Competition – DecisionPoint competes primarily with well-established companies, many of which have greater resources than the company. Barriers to entry are not significant and start-up costs are relatively low which could lead to increased competition.

Dilution – DecisionPoint has a significant amount of potentially dilutive securities (options, warrants, and convertible preferred stock). This could result in additional dilution to existing investors should this stock be sold in the open market or the warrants and convertible securities get converted to common stock.

Reliance on a limited number of customers – DecisionPoint derived approximately 21% of its revenue from three customers in 2014. The loss of a significant customer would likely have an adverse impact on financial results.

Lack of IP protection – The company has not sought patent protection for its products and services, relying instead on its technical know-how and ability to design solutions tailored to its customers' needs.

Liquidity risk - Shares of DecisionPoint have risks common to those of the microcap segment of the market. Often these risks cause microcap stocks to trade at discounts to their peers. The most common of these risks is liquidity risk, which is typically caused by small trading floats and very low trading volume and can lead to large spreads and high volatility in stock price. There are 8.2 million shares in the float and the average daily volume is approximately 2,900 shares.

Miscellaneous risk - The company's financial results and equity values are subject to other risks and uncertainties including competition, operations, financial markets, regulatory risk, and/or other events. These risks may cause actual results to differ from expected results.

DecisionPoint Systems, Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands \$)

	2014A	6/15A	2015E	2016E
	(restated)			
Cash	1,616	297	149	149
Accounts receivable	10,354	4,801	4,753	5,088
Due from related party	-	-	-	-
Inventory	1,998	244	305	318
Deferred costs	2,532	2,679	2,679	2,679
Deferred tax assets	19	13	13	13
Assets of discontinued operations	1,829	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other	79	206	206	206
Total current assets	18,427	8,240	8,105	8,452
Net property and equipment	145	192	235	260
Intangible assets	1,414	-	-	-
Goodwill	7,524	5,304	5,304	5,304
Deferred costs	1,004	1,037	1,037	1,037
Assets of discontinued operations	1,634	-	-	-
Other assets	109	34	34	34
Total assets	30,257	14,807	14,715	15,087
Accounts payable	9,736	7,205	5,896	6,143
Accrued expenses and other	2,028	2,083	1,195	1,279
Line of credit	5,811	2,697	2,697	3,697
Current portion of debt	813	1,833	1,333	833
Due to related parties	73	142	142	142
Liabilities from discontinued operations	1,993	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	5,915	4,254	4,254	4,254
Total current liabilities	26,369	18,214	15,517	16,348
Unearned revenue	1,560	1,516	1,516	1,516
Long-term debt	1,580	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	461	185	185	185
Warrant liability	519	287	287	287
Liabilities from discontinued operations	487	-	-	-
Other long-term liabilities	194	181	2,724	2,726
Total liabilities	31,170	20,383	20,229	21,062
Preferred stock*	12,822	12,876	13,451	14,080
Common stockholders' equity (deficit)	(13,735)	(18,452)	(18,965)	(20,055)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(913)	(5,576)	(5,514)	(5,975)
Total liabilities & stockholders' equity	30,257	14,807	14,715	15,087

* Includes accrued dividends of \$0.6 million in 2015 and 2016

Source: Company filings and Taglich Brothers estimates

DecisionPoint Systems, Inc.

Income Statements for the Three and Six Month Periods Ended
(in thousands \$)

	Three Months Ended (in thousands \$)		Six Months Ended (in thousands \$)	
	6/15A	6/14A (restated)	6/15A	6/14A (restated)
Net sales	9,370	12,990	19,171	26,350
Cost of sales	7,607	10,185	15,286	20,669
Gross profit	1,763	2,805	3,885	5,681
Asset impairment	3,047	-	3,047	-
SG&A	2,070	2,703	4,430	5,827
Operating income (loss)	(3,354)	102	(3,592)	(146)
Interest expense	219	222	401	429
Adjustment of warrant liabilities	(311)	84	(232)	(166)
Other (income) expense	(14)	(21)	49	(30)
Income (loss) before taxes	(3,248)	(183)	(3,810)	(379)
Income taxes	63	(51)	35	(20)
Loss from continuing operations	(3,311)	(132)	(3,845)	(359)
Income (loss) discontinued ops	(137)	112	(183)	227
Net loss	(3,448)	(20)	(4,028)	(132)
Cumulative preferred stock dividends	(407)	(334)	(794)	(663)
Net income (loss) to common	(3,855)	(354)	(4,822)	(795)
EPS continuing operations	(0.30)	(0.04)	(0.38)	(0.08)
EPS discontinued operations	(0.01)	0.01	(0.01)	0.02
EPS	(0.31)	(0.03)	(0.39)	(0.06)
Shares Outstanding	12,453	12,342	12,439	12,328
<u>Margin Analysis</u>				
Gross margin	18.8%	21.6%	20.3%	21.6%
SG&A	22.1%	20.8%	23.1%	22.1%
Operating margin	(35.8)%	0.8%	(18.7)%	(0.6)%

Source: Company filings

DecisionPoint Systems, Inc.

Quarterly Income Statements 2015 -2016E
(in thousands \$)

	3/15A	6/15A	9/15E	12/15E	2015E	3/16E	6/16E	9/16E	12/16E	2016E
Net sales	9,801	9,370	9,300	9,550	38,021	9,800	10,050	10,300	10,550	40,700
Cost of sales	<u>7,679</u>	<u>7,607</u>	<u>7,580</u>	<u>7,640</u>	<u>30,506</u>	<u>7,680</u>	<u>7,840</u>	<u>8,035</u>	<u>8,230</u>	<u>31,785</u>
Gross profit	2,122	1,763	1,720	1,910	7,515	2,120	2,210	2,265	2,320	8,915
Asset impairment	-	3,047	-	-	3,047					
SG&A	<u>2,360</u>	<u>2,070</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>2,150</u>	<u>8,680</u>	<u>2,200</u>	<u>2,200</u>	<u>2,200</u>	<u>2,200</u>	<u>8,800</u>
Operating income (loss)	(238)	(3,354)	(380)	(240)	(4,212)	(80)	10	65	120	115
Interest expense	182	219	220	220	841	220	220	220	220	880
Adjustment of warrant liabilities	79	(311)	-	-	(232)	-	-	-	-	-
Other (income) expense	<u>63</u>	<u>(14)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Income (loss) before taxes	(562)	(3,248)	(600)	(460)	(4,870)	(300)	(210)	(155)	(100)	(765)
Income taxes / (benefit)	<u>(28)</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net loss from continuing operations	<u>(534)</u>	<u>(3,311)</u>	<u>(600)</u>	<u>(460)</u>	<u>(4,905)</u>	<u>(300)</u>	<u>(210)</u>	<u>(155)</u>	<u>(100)</u>	<u>(765)</u>
Income (loss) from discontinued ops.	<u>(46)</u>	<u>(137)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(183)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net loss	(580)	(3,448)	(600)	(460)	(5,088)	(300)	(210)	(155)	(100)	(765)
Dividends	<u>(387)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(1,608)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(407)</u>	<u>(1,628)</u>
Net income (loss) to common	<u>(967)</u>	<u>(3,855)</u>	<u>(1,007)</u>	<u>(867)</u>	<u>(6,696)</u>	<u>(707)</u>	<u>(617)</u>	<u>(562)</u>	<u>(507)</u>	<u>(2,393)</u>
EPS continuing operations	(0.07)	(0.30)	(0.08)	(0.07)	(0.52)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.18)
EPS discontinued operations	<u>(0.00)</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
EPS	<u>(0.08)</u>	<u>(0.31)</u>	<u>(0.08)</u>	<u>(0.07)</u>	<u>(0.54)</u>	<u>(0.05)</u>	<u>(0.05)</u>	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>(0.18)</u>
Shares Outstanding	12,425	12,453	12,700	12,800	12,439	12,900	13,000	13,100	13,200	13,050
<u>Margin Analysis</u>										
Gross margin	21.7%	18.8%	18.5%	20.0%	19.8%	21.6%	22.0%	22.0%	22.0%	21.9%
SG&A	24.1%	22.1%	22.6%	22.5%	22.8%	22.4%	21.9%	21.4%	20.9%	21.6%
Operating margin	(2.4)%	(35.8)%	(4.1)%	(2.5)%	(11.1)%	(0.8)%	0.1%	0.6%	1.1%	0.3%
Pretax margin	(5.7)%	(34.7)%	(6.5)%	(4.8)%	(12.8)%	(3.1)%	(2.1)%	(1.5)%	(0.9)%	(1.9)%
Tax rate	5.0%	(1.9)%	0.0%	0.0%	(0.7)%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Source: Company filings and Taglich Brothers estimates

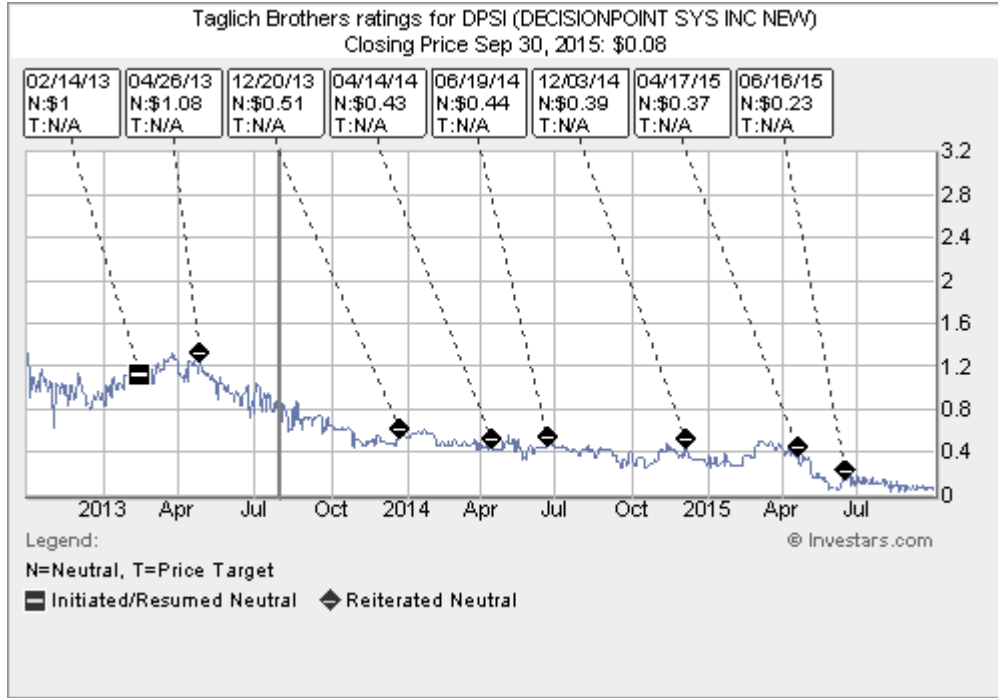
DecisionPoint Systems, Inc.

Statement of Cash Flows for the Periods Ended
(in thousands \$)

	<u>6mos15A</u>	<u>2015E</u>	<u>2016E</u>
Net income (loss) continuing operations	(3,845)	(4,905)	(765)
Net income (loss) discontinued operations	(183)	(183)	-
Loss on sale of discontinued operations	89	89	-
Depreciation & amortization	390	780	820
Amortization of deferred financing costs	43	86	86
Employee stock-based compensation	70	140	140
Change in fair value of warrants	(232)	(232)	-
ESOP compensation expense	17	35	35
Asset impairment charges	3,047	3,047	-
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1	1	-
Deferred taxes	<u>(249)</u>	<u>(249)</u>	<u>(249)</u>
Cash earnings (loss)	(852)	(1,391)	67
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities</i>			
Accounts receivable	5,534	5,601	(335)
Due from related party	-	-	-
Inventory	1,754	1,693	(13)
Deferred costs	(181)	(180)	-
Prepaid expenses and other	(53)	(127)	-
Other assets	62	75	-
Accounts payable	(2,527)	(3,840)	247
Accrued expenses and other	(422)	(833)	84
Due to related parties	69	69	69
Operating activities from discontinued operations	616	616	-
Unearned revenue	<u>(1,674)</u>	<u>(1,705)</u>	<u>-</u>
(Increase) decrease in working capital	<u>3,178</u>	<u>1,369</u>	<u>53</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operations	2,326	(22)	120
Proceeds from sale of CMAC	302	302	-
Capital expenditures	<u>(68)</u>	<u>(120)</u>	<u>(120)</u>
Net cash (used in) provided by investing	234	182	(120)
(Repayments) borrowings from line of credit	(3,109)	(3,109)	1,000
Repayment of debt	(446)	(946)	(500)
Paid financing costs	(100)	(100)	-
Payments for contingent acquisition liability	-	-	-
Dividends paid	<u>(252)</u>	<u>(500)</u>	<u>(500)</u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing	(3,907)	(1,655)	-
Foreign currency translation	28	28	-
Net Change in Cash	(1,319)	(1,467)	(0)
Cash - Beginning of Period	<u>1,616</u>	<u>1,616</u>	<u>149</u>
Cash - End of Period	<u>297</u>	<u>149</u>	<u>149</u>

Source: Company filings and Taglich Brothers estimates

Price Chart



Taglich Brothers' Current Ratings Distribution



■ 33.82 % Buy ■ 57.35 % Hold ■ 7.35 % Not Rated ■ 1.47 % Sell

Investment Banking Services for Companies Covered in the Past 12 Months		
Rating	#	%
Buy	1	4
Hold		
Sell		
Not Rated		

Important Disclosures

As of the date of this report, Taglich Brothers, Inc. and/or its affiliates own more than 1% of DPSI common stock. Michael Taglich, President of Taglich Brothers, Inc. and Director of DecisionPoint Systems, Inc. owns or has a controlling interest in 268,232 shares of DPSI common stock, 90,526 shares of DPSI convertible preferred stock, 27,069 stock options (right to buy) and 351,343 warrants. Robert Taglich, Managing Director of Taglich Brothers, Inc. owns or has a controlling interest in 155,437 shares of DPSI common stock, 20,000 shares of DPSI convertible preferred stock, and 151,344 warrants. Doug Hailey, Director of Investment Banking at Taglich Brothers, Inc., owns or has a controlling interest in 5,186 shares of DPSI convertible preferred stock and 76,050 warrants. Robert Schroeder, Vice President of Investment Banking at Taglich Brothers, Inc. and Director of DecisionPoint Systems, Inc. owns or has a controlling interest in 6,185 shares of DPSI convertible preferred stock, 247,450 warrants, and 171,177 stock options (right to buy). Richard Oh, Managing Director of Taglich Brothers, Inc., owns or has a controlling interest in 50,000 warrants. Other employees at Taglich Brothers, Inc. also own or have controlling interests in 1,555 shares of DPSI convertible preferred stock and 138,713 warrants. Taglich Brothers, Inc. had an investment banking relationship with the company mentioned in this report. In December 2012 and November 2013, Taglich Brothers Inc. served as the placement agent in private placements of convertible preferred stock for the company.

All research issued by Taglich Brothers, Inc. is based on public information. The company paid a monetary fee of \$4,500 (USD) in January 2013 for the creation and dissemination of research reports for the first three months. After the first three months of publication, the company will pay a monthly monetary fee of \$1,500 (USD) to Taglich Brothers, Inc., for a minimum of twelve months for the creation and dissemination of research reports.

General Disclosures

The information and statistical data contained herein have been obtained from sources, which we believe to be reliable but in no way are warranted by us as to accuracy or completeness. We do not undertake to advise you as to changes in figures or our views. This is not a solicitation of any order to buy or sell. Taglich Brothers, Inc. is fully disclosed with its clearing firm, Pershing, LLC, is not a market maker and does not sell to or buy from customers on a principal basis. The above statement is the opinion of Taglich Brothers, Inc. and is not a guarantee that the target price for the stock will be met or that predicted business results for the company will occur. There may be instances when fundamental, technical and quantitative opinions contained in this report are not in concert. We, our affiliates, any officer, director or stockholder or any member of their families may from time to time purchase or sell any of the above-mentioned or related securities. Analysts and members of the Research Department are prohibited from buying or selling securities issued by the companies that Taglich Brothers, Inc. has a research relationship with, except if ownership of such securities was prior to the start of such relationship, then an Analyst or member of the Research Department may sell such securities after obtaining expressed written permission from Compliance.

Analyst Certification

I, John Nobile, the research analyst of this report, hereby certify that the views expressed in this report accurately reflect my personal views about the subject securities and issuers; and that no part of my compensation was, is, or will be, directly, or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views contained in this report.

Public companies mentioned in this report:

Apple, Inc. (Nasdaq: AAPL)
Agilysys, Inc. (Nasdaq: AGYS)
Intermec Inc. (NYSE: IN)

Motorola Solutions, Inc. (NYSE: MSI)
Verifone Systems (NYSE: PAY)
Zebra Technologies (Nasdaq: ZBRA)

Meaning of Ratings

Buy – The growth prospects, degree of investment risk, and valuation make the stock attractive relative to the general market or comparable stocks.

Speculative Buy – Long term prospects of the company are promising but investment risk is significantly higher than it is in our BUY-rated stocks. Risk-reward considerations justify purchase mainly by high risk-tolerant accounts. In the short run, the stock may be subject to high volatility and could continue to trade at a discount to its market.

Neutral – Based on our outlook the stock is adequately valued. If investment risks are within acceptable parameters, this equity could remain a holding if already owned.

Sell – Based on our outlook the stock is significantly overvalued. A weak company or sector outlook and a high degree of investment risk make it likely that the stock will underperform relative to the general market.

Dropping Coverage – Research coverage discontinued due to the acquisition of the company, termination of research services, non-payment for such services, diminished investor interest, or departure of the analyst.

Some notable Risks within the Microcap Market

Stocks in the Microcap segment of the market have many risks that are not as prevalent in Large-cap, Blue Chips or even Small-cap stocks. Often it is these risks that cause Microcap stocks to trade at discounts to their peers. The most common of these risks is liquidity risk, which is typically caused by small trading floats and very low trading volume which can lead to large spreads and high volatility in stock price. In addition, Microcaps tend to have significant company specific risks that contribute to lower valuations. Investors need to be aware of the higher probability of financial default and higher degree of financial distress inherent in the microcap segment of the market.

From time to time our analysts may choose to withhold or suspend a rating on a company. We continue to publish informational reports on such companies; however, they have no ratings or price targets. In general, we will not rate any company that has too much business or financial uncertainty for our analysts to form an investment conclusion, or that is currently in the process of being acquired.